IN THE HUMAN RIGHTS REVIEW TRIBUNAL

[2022] NZHRRT 35

I TE TARAIPIUNARA MANA TANGATA

Reference No. HRRT 050/2015

UNDER THE PRIVACY ACT 2020

BETWEEN JANINE SAX

PLAINTIFF

AND TRIATHLON TAURANGA

INCORPORATED

DEFENDANT

IN WELLINGTON

BEFORE:

Ms MG Coleman, Deputy Chairperson Dr SJ Hickey MNZM, Member Ms S Stewart, Member

REPRESENTATION:

Ms J Sax in person

Ms JWS Baigent for defendant

DATE OF HEARING: Heard on the papers

DATE OF DECISION: 31 August 2022

DECISION OF TRIBUNAL STRIKING OUT PROCEEDING¹

[1] On 27 August 2015 Ms Sax filed a statement of claim in this matter.

[2] A statement of reply was filed by Triathlon Tauranga Inc on 23 October 2015.

[3] An amended statement of claim was filed on 29 October 2015 and a statement of reply to the amended statement of claim was filed on 27 November 2015.

¹ [This decision is to be cited as Sax v Triathlon Tauranga Inc (Strike-Out) [2022] NZHRRT 35.]

- [4] On 27 January 2016 and again on 12 April 2016 the Tribunal contacted Ms Sax by email regarding the scheduling of a teleconference. No reply to either email was received. No further correspondence has been received from Ms Sax.
- [5] In light of Ms Sax's inactivity in progressing this matter, on 6 July 2022 a *Minute* was issued advising the parties that the Tribunal intended to consider, on its own motion, whether the matter should be struck out under s 115A of the Human Rights Act 1993. If Ms Sax wished to continue the proceeding, she was required to advise the Tribunal and the defendant of this by 5 August 2022.
- [6] Nothing has been received from Ms Sax in response to that *Minute*. In that circumstance, the Tribunal moves to consider whether to strike out the proceeding.

JURISDICTION TO STRIKE OUT

- [7] The Tribunal's power to strike out proceedings is set out in s 115A of the HRA:
 - 115A Tribunal may strike out, determine, or adjourn proceedings
 - (1) The Tribunal may strike out, in whole or in part, a proceeding if satisfied that it—
 - (a) discloses no reasonable cause of action; or
 - (b) is likely to cause prejudice or delay; or
 - (c) is frivolous or vexatious; or
 - (d) is otherwise an abuse of process.
- [8] The Tribunal's strike out jurisdiction is to be used sparingly, especially in cases involving lay litigants. However, the tolerance of the Tribunal even in cases involving self-represented parties is not endless. The requirement for the Tribunal to act according to the substantive merits of a case without regard to technicalities, as required by s 105 of the HRA, must be balanced against the desirability of freeing defendants from litigation which amounts to an abuse of process. See *Williams v Police* [2021] NZHC 808, (2021) 12 HRNZ at [76]-[82], [87]; *Yarrow v Finnigan* (2017) NZHC 1755 at [11]-[14], [16]; *Parohinog v Yellow Pages Group Ltd (Strike-Out Application No. 2)* [2015] NZHRRT 14 at [30]-[31].

SHOULD THE CLAIM BE STRUCK OUT?

- [9] It is to be inferred from Ms Sax's failure to take any steps on this claim since November 2015 that she no longer intends to progress this proceeding.
- [10] This is evident also from her failure to:
 - **[10.1]** Respond to emails sent to her in January and April 2016 regarding the scheduling of a teleconference: or
 - **[10.2]** Advise the Tribunal in accordance with the most recent *Minute* dated 6 July 2022 that she wished to continue the proceeding.
- [11] In those circumstances, the Tribunal is satisfied the claim should be struck out. There is a need for finality both for the Tribunal and for the defendant. To leave it on foot would be an abuse of the Tribunal's processes.

COSTS

[12] In our view this is not an appropriate case for an award of costs which are to lie where they fall.

ORDERS

- [13] The following order is made:
 - **[13.1]** The proceeding $Sax\ v\ Triathlon\ Tauranga\ Inc\ HRRT\ 050/2015$ is to be struck out in its entirety under s 115A(1)(d) of the HRA.

Ms MG Coleman	Dr SJ Hickey MNZM,	Ms S Stewart,
Deputy Chairperson	Member	Member