



Notice of registration of Australian judgment

SECTION 62(2)(A) AND (4)(A), TRANS-TASMAN PROCEEDINGS ACT 2010 (NZ)

Please read this notice very carefully.
If you have any trouble understanding it, you should get legal advice as soon as possible.

Attached to this notice is a copy of the judgment given by

[name of Australian court or tribunal].

This judgment has been registered in the

[name of New Zealand court]

under the Trans-Tasman Proceedings Act 2010 (NZ).

Consequences of registration and this notice being served on you

The Australian judgment can be enforced in New Zealand as if it were a judgment given by the

[name of New Zealand court in which judgment is registered].

Details of judgment

The particulars of the judgment that are entered in the records of the

[name of New Zealand court in which judgment is registered].

include the following:

(a) if the judgment is one under which a sum of money is payable:

(i)	money payable under judgment	\$	<i>[specify]</i>
(ii)	interest payable under section 67(a) of the Trans-Tasman Proceedings Act 2010 (NZ)	\$	<i>[specify]</i>

(b) if the judgment is not one under which a sum of money is payable, the terms of the judgment:

[specify]

(c) costs and expenses related to registration \$ *[specify]*

(d) costs and expenses related to attempted enforcement in original court or tribunal \$ *[specify].*

Your rights

SETTING ASIDE REGISTRATION

If the judgment should not have been registered in New Zealand under the Trans-Tasman Proceedings Act 2010 (NZ), you may be able to have the registration set aside by applying to the

[name of New Zealand court in which judgment is registered].

The Act sets out limited grounds on which registration of a judgment may be set aside.

You must make an application for registration to be set aside within 30 working days after the day on which you were given this notice.

If you think the registration should be set aside, you should get legal advice as soon as possible.

STAY OF ENFORCEMENT

If you intend to apply to the

[name of Australian court or tribunal]

to set aside, vary, or appeal against the judgment, you may apply for an order that enforcement of the registered judgment in New Zealand not be commenced until a specified time or event, or be stayed (put on hold) for a specified period.

An application for an order of that kind must be made within 30 working days after the day on which you were given this notice.

If you think enforcement of the judgment should not commence or should be stayed, you should get legal advice as soon as possible.

Failure to comply with judgment

If you fail to comply with the judgment:

- if the judgment is one under which a sum of money is payable, further interest may accrue on any amount owing.
- you may, if a proceeding is commenced in a New Zealand court for enforcement of it, be required to pay the costs incurred by or on behalf of the entitled person in attempting to enforce it.