Directory of Official Information

Listings M-O



New Zealand Government

About

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Ministerial Relations and Services

Strategy, Governance & Finance
Ministry of Justice | Tāhū o te Ture
oia@justice.govt.nz

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Manukau Institute of Technology

Te Whare Takiura o Manukau

Governing statutes

Manukau Institute of Technology was established in 1970 as Manukau Technical Institute under the Education Act 1964. It is administered as a polytechnic under the Education Act 1989.

Functions and responsibilities

Manukau Institute of Technology's purpose is to transform lives, organisations and communities through learning. Manukau Institute of Technology's mission is to deliver vocationally focused tertiary education, research and technology transfer that ensures Auckland's economy, graduates, employers and communities have the capability and skills to achieve their potential.

Manukau Institute of Technology recognises that it has a special obligation to serve the people, communities and employers of Counties Manukau and that achieving significantly improved tertiary education outcomes in this region is critical to both the Institute's mission and to the future economic and social prosperity of the nation.

The Institute is responsible to the Minister of Education, pursuant to the Education Act 1989, to maintain the highest ethical standards, to permit public scrutiny, to ensure the maintenance of those standards, and to ensure the proper use of resources allocated to the Institute.

Structure

Manukau Institute of Technology is governed by a Council. The Council comprises four members appointed by the Minister of Education and four members appointed by the Manukau Institute of Technology Council.

The academic and administrative management of the Institute is the responsibility of the Chief Executive, who is appointed by Council pursuant to the Education Act 1989.

The Chief Executive works with a Leadership Team, which consists of:

- Director Academic Operations
- Deputy Chief Executive Maori

- Deputy Chief Executive Pasifika
- Executive General Manager Academic
- Executive General Manager Strategy and Support Services
- Executive General Manager Student Journey
- Executive General Manager Technology
- Executive General Manager People and Culture
- Specialist Advisor to the Chief Executive
- General Manager Academic Services
- the General Managers of the Institute's three main campuses: Technology Park,
 Otara & City and Manukau. Business and Information Technology, Consumer
 Services, Creative Arts, Education and Social Sciences, Engineering and Trades,
 Maritime and Logistics, and Nursing and Health Studies.

Each campus includes several teaching focused Schools, each of which is led by a Head of School or Director of School that reports to the Campus General Manager.

Managers of various non-teaching sections focused on student support and corporate services report to a relevant member of the Leadership Team.

Records

Records include:

- minutes of Council, sub-committees of Council, Academic Board and sub-committees of Academic Board
- management files, including reports, financial information, correspondence, and housekeeping matters
- student enrolment forms, withdrawal forms, academic records and statistical information
- personnel files
- annual reports
- programme documentation.

Documents relating to decision-making processes

- Tertiary Education Strategy.
- Institute Investment Plan.

- Strategic Plan.
- Statutes.
- Student Regulations.
- Institute Policies.
- Departmental Processes / Procedures.

Publications

- Institute Investment Plan
- Strategic Plan
- Annual Report

Contact

Manager, Legal and Contracts Section

Manukau Institute of Technology

Otara Road

Private Bag 94 006

Manukau City

Auckland

(09) 968 8000

Legal_and_Contracts@manukau.ac.nz

www.manukau.ac.nz

Māori Arts and Crafts Institute, New Zealand

Te Wananga Whakairo Rakau o Aotearoa

Governing statutes

Established in 1963 under the Rotorua Māori Arts and Crafts Institute Act 1963 and is now governed by the New Zealand Māori Arts and Crafts Institute Act 1967.

Functions and responsibilities

The functions of the Institute, under the Act, are to foster, promote and perpetuate the arts, crafts and culture of the Māori people of New Zealand.

The Institute is basically comprised of a tourism business and schools of learning (which promote and perpetuate Māori arts and crafts and the Māori culture). It derives no direct Government funding, rather it obtains all its revenue to fulfil its functions from its tourist operations. As caretaker of the world-famous Te Whakarewarewa Thermal Reserve, the Institute, as a major form of generating revenue, levies visitors on admission to the thermal area.

Structure

A Board of seven members has governance responsibilities, on behalf of the Minister of Tourism, for the Institute. The Institute is led by a Chief Executive who in turn is supported by four Department Heads responsible for the Cultural, Operations, Finance and Marketing.

Records

The Institute holds the following records:

- Maps and Plans –the maps relate to the land under Institute control and the plans relate to the buildings erected by the Institute
- Photographs, Film and Video Tape recordings of special works by the Institute or some recording of geothermal activity in the area under Institute control
- geothermal data a collection of mounting evidence of the threat to the geothermal reserve

- Minute Books official records of proceedings at Institute meetings including resolutions taken thereat. Most information contained therein is protected under sections 8 and 9 of the Official Information Act 1982:
- Audio Tapes –recordings of commercial radio advertisements;
- Books of Accounts and Computer Printouts –all primary accounting records necessary to keep full and accurate accounts of the Institute's commercial and cultural operations;
- Personal Files –individual personal files are held on employees. Such files are protected under the Privacy Act 1993;
- files folders containing correspondence and documents in relation to the operations of the Institute;
- Annual Reports to Parliament –the Institute's annual report to Parliament is required
 to be tabled in the House of Representatives every year in accordance with the
 Institute's establishing enactment, copies of which are available from Government
 Bookshops;
- periodicals publications by outside organisations, which are kept by the Institute for historical reference, that particularly contain commercial advertising placed by the Institute; and
- Application Forms papers that provide information to members of the public who
 may wish to apply to attend courses hosted and managed by the Institute.

Documents relating to decision-making processes

Manuals – Manuals relating to Occupational Health and Safety, Code of Conduct, and Policy are available and regularly updated as required, and as stipulated by legal regulations.

Contact

The Chief Executive Officer

The New Zealand Māori Arts and Crafts Institute

PO Box 334

Rotorua

www.nzmaci.com/

Māori Purposes Fund Board

Te Poari Putea Māori

Governing statutes

The Māori Purposes Fund Board was constituted by the Māori Purposes Fund Act 1934–1935.

Functions and responsibilities

The Board's functions are defined in section 4 of the Act as follows:

- the promotion of Māori health, education, social and economic well-being
- the encouragement and teaching of the Māori arts and crafts
- research and publications
- the preservation of the Māori language
- the financial assistance of societies or institutions formed to carry out any of the four above-mentioned objectives.

Practically, the Board currently has two main tasks, to protect and manage a substantial and very significant collection of original documents that were collected by Sir Apirana Ngata, currently held in the Turnbull Library, and to disburse income it receives from a fund it controls as grants. The grants the Board makes are usually for the publication of books using Te Reo Māori. Also the Board is the only authoritative supplier of "The Coming of the Māori" by Sir Peter Buck.

Structure

The Board is an amalgamation of three former Boards namely:

- The Māori Ethnological Research Board 1923;
- The Māori Purposes Fund Control Board 1924; and
- The Māori Arts and Crafts Council Board 1931.

The capital funds of the three Boards were amalgamated and their capital resources combined into the one account.

Section 7 of the Māori Purposes Fund Act 1934–35 provides that the Board shall consist of:

- the Minister of Māori Affairs (who shall be the Chairperson)
- the Chief Executive of the Ministry of Māori Development or his nominee
- the members of Parliament for the Māori electoral districts
- one New Zealand Māori Council nominee appointed by the Governor-General
- not more than six other persons appointed by the Governor-General in Council.

Currently there are no members appointed by the Governor-General pursuant to section 7(e).

Records

Various records are held by Te Puni Kōkiri relating to inter alia the Board's Administration, funding, Board meetings, application to access the Board's manuscript collection.

Documents relating to decision-making processes

The Board's policies and procedures are prescribed by resolution at its annual general meetings.

Contact

The Secretary Māori Purposes Fund Board

C/- Te Puni Kōkiri

PO Box 3943

Wellington

(04) 922 6000

tpkinfo@tpk.govt.nz

Māori Television

Governing statutes

Māori Television is a statutory corporation and was formally established by the Māori Television Service (Te Aratuku Whakaata Irirangi Māori) Act 2003.

Functions and responsibilities

As well as emphasising our primary function of promoting te reo me ngā tikanga Māori, the Māori Television Service (Te Aratuku Whakaata Irirangi Māori) Act 2003 also requires that we:

provide a high quality, cost-effective Māori television service, in both Māori and English, that informs, educates and entertains a broad viewing audience, and in doing so, enriches New Zealand's society, culture and heritage;

- broadcast mainly in te reo Māori during prime time and a substantial proportion at other times
- have regard in our programming to the needs and preferences of children participating in te reo Māori immersion education and all people learning te reo Māori
- provide broadcast services that are technically available throughout New Zealand and practically accessible to as many people as is reasonably possible
- foster development of the broadcasting capacity of Māori Television through appropriate training and education.

Māori Television is funded by the Government in acknowledgement of the Government's commitment to promoting and protecting te reo Māori and tikanga Māori.

The Government's Māori broadcasting funding agency, Te Māngai Pāho, is the major provider of funding for programmes produced for Māori Television. Te Māngai Pāho provides direct funding for Māori Television-produced programmes and indirect funding for commissioned programmes.

Structure

Māori Television has two distinct reporting stakeholders who exercise both independent and joint powers. The Government is one stakeholder, and these interests are represented by the Minister of Māori Affairs and the Minister of Finance.

Māori are the second stakeholder and these interests are specifically represented by Te

Pūtahi Paoho (Māori Television Service Electoral College), an entity which was established by the Māori Television Service (Te Aratuku Whakaata Irirangi Māori) Act 2003 to provide partnership with the Ministers.

Māori Television has a board of seven directors who are responsible for the governance of Māori Television. It also has a chief executive who reports to the board and is responsible for implementing board decisions and for Māori Television's operations.

Māori Television's operations are divided into the following divisions: Te Reo and Tikanga Māori; Programming; News and Current Affairs; Operations; Sales, Marketing and Communications; and Finance and Administration.

Records

Māori Television and its divisions maintain files on their activities. Files relating to programmes which are broadcast are maintained by the respective divisions which have produced or purchased those programmes. Files relating to the sale of advertising time are retained by the Sales division. Financial and accounting information records are maintained by the Finance and Administration division.

Documents relating to decision-making processes

The Māori Television Service (Te Aratuku Whakaata Irirangi Māori) Act 2003; Annual Reports; and Statements of Intent can be accessed on the corporate section of the Māori Television website: www.maoritelevision.com

Contact

Māori Television

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Newmarket

Auckland

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Facsimile: + 64 9 539 7199

info@maoritelevision.com

www.maoritelevision.com/

Maritime New Zealand

Nō to rere Moana Aotearoa

Governing statutes

Maritime NZ was established under the Maritime Transport Act 1993 and continues under the Maritime Transport Act 1994.

Acts administered

Maritime NZ administers the Maritime Transport Act 1994, the Ship Registration Act 1992, the Hazardous Substances and New Organisms Act 1996 on ships and the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 for work on board ships and ships as places of work. Maritime NZ is also responsible for enforcing the Maritime Security Act 2004 and is responsible for search and rescue operations under section 14C of the Civil Aviation Act 1990.

Functions and responsibilities

Maritime NZ is the national regulatory, compliance and response agency for the safety, security and environmental protection of coastal and inland waterways. Maritime NZ was established to promote a safe, secure and clean maritime environment for all commercial and recreational activities on the water, and to minimise the impact of maritime incidents and accidents on New Zealand's land, waters and people.

Maritime NZ's legislative framework

Maritime NZ has direct or delegated authority under the Marine Transport Act 1994 to help set and implement the regulatory framework for the maritime sector, including the commercial fishing sector. The regulatory framework is aimed at achieving the Government's overarching goals for the transport sector, and also Maritime NZ's vision of a maritime environment that is "safe, secure, clean".

Maritime NZ's statutory functions

Under the Maritime Transport Act 1994, Maritime NZ has the following functions:

 to promote maritime safety and security, and protection of the marine environment in and beyond New Zealand, in accordance with New Zealand's international obligations;

- To ensure the provision of appropriate distress and safety radio communication systems and navigational aids for shipping;
- to ensure New Zealand's preparedness for, and ability to respond to, marine oil pollution spills
- to license ships, their operation and their crews;
- to cooperate with, or provide advice and assistance to, any government agency or local government agency when requested to do so by the Minister;
- to provide information and advice with respect to maritime transport and marine protection, and to foster appropriate information and education programmes with respect to maritime transport and marine protection;
- to investigate and review maritime transport accidents and incidents, and maritime security breaches and incidents;
- to maintain the New Zealand Register of Ships;
- to maintain and preserve records and documents relating to the Authority's functions;
- to advise the Minister on technical maritime safety policy; and
- to administer the international obligations of the Crown under the treaties, memoranda and other international maritime and marine environment protection agreements, as agreed with the Minister of Transport.

Under section 439 of the Maritime Transport Act, the Director of Maritime NZ is the statutory office bearer responsible for exercising the regulatory and compliance under that Act and has independent powers in that respect.

Other functions

The principal pieces of legislation that support the work of Maritime NZ are:

The Crown Entities Act 2004 – establishes Maritime NZ's governance and operational framework, identifies the powers and duties of board members, and prescribes the Authority's accountability to Government.

Health and Safety at Work Act 2015 – sets the broad principles for health and safety in New Zealand workplaces. Maritime NZ is responsible for administering this Act for work on board ships and ships as places as work.

The Ship Registration Act 1992 – administered by Maritime NZ, this Act regulates all vessels over 24 metres in length, others that depart for the high seas by mandate and smaller vessels voluntarily.

The Maritime Security Act 2004 – administered by Maritime NZ, this Act sets out how New Zealand will meet its obligations to prevent international terrorism on board ships and in ports, as set out in the United Nations International Ship and Port Facility Security Code.

The Civil Aviation Act 1990 – sets out Maritime NZ's responsibilities for coordinating Category II search and rescue operations, and operating and maintaining the Rescue Coordination Centre New Zealand.

Structure

Maritime NZ is a Crown entity with the status of a body corporate. Maritime NZ is governed by a five-member board, appointed by the Minister of Transport under the Maritime Transport Act 1994. Section 429A of that Act provides:

The Minister may only appoint as members of the Board persons who:

- are New Zealand citizens or permanent residents of New Zealand
- the Minister considers will represent the public interest in maritime matters.

Before appointing two of the members, the Minister must request, from organisations that the Minister considers represent those who have a substantial interest in the maritime industry, the names of persons such organisations consider proper candidates for appointment to the Board.

The Board determines Maritime NZ's overall strategy and appoints the Chief Executive, who also has the title of Director of Maritime NZ. The Director is responsible for managing the day-to-day operations of Maritime NZ and has independent statutory powers under the Maritime Transport Act. The Chair of the Board reports to the Minister of Transport, who is responsible for overseeing and managing the Crown's interests in Maritime NZ.

The Head Office of Maritime NZ is located in Wellington. Maritime NZ has regional offices located at Whangarei, Auckland, Tauranga, New Plymouth, Napier, Nelson, Rangiora, Dunedin and Invercargill. The Marine Pollution Response Centre is located at Te Atatu, Auckland, and the Rescue Coordination Centre New Zealand is located at Lower Hutt.

Records

Maritime NZ records cover the certification of seafarers, operators, and ships' equipment; aids to navigation and beacons registration; the registration of ships; safe ship management; search and rescue coordination; the investigation of accidents and incidents, and any consequent prosecutions; major maritime incident (pollution) response co-ordination; drafting and promulgation of maritime rules; circulars, resolutions and conventions of the International Maritime Organisation relating to ship safety and marine pollution prevention; reports of New Zealand's compliance with conventions of the International Labour Organisation dealing with seafarer welfare and health and safety at work; and maritime security.

Section 189 of the Maritime Transport Act requires Maritime NZ to establish a Maritime Register containing records of the following:

every maritime document and marine protection document issued by the Director

- every regulation and rule in force under the Maritime Transport Act 1994
- every item incorporated by reference into rules under section 452
- accident, incident, and mishap notifications
- · delegations, authorisations, notification of recognitions and exemptions
- address for service of every current applicant for a maritime document or marine protection document and every current maritime or marine protection document holder
- a list of the maritime conventions to which New Zealand and other countries are party
- Maritime NZ's service charter.

Publications

Maritime NZ publishes rules and regulations implemented by Maritime NZ on our website. Maritime NZ also produces print and/or online publications regarding the following: corporate publications, codes of practice, commercial maritime guidance, information on VHF maritime radio frequencies and beacons, environmental marine protection, recreational boating safety, ship registration, maritime accidents and incidents, summaries of accident, incident and mishap notifications, maritime health and safety guidance. Maritime NZ publishes the Look Out/Safe Seas Clean Seas magazine twice a year and e-newsletter Seachange monthly.

Committees

A committee (the Oil Pollution Advisory Committee, or OPAC), made up of shipping, port, oil and gas exploration industry and government representatives, is appointed by the Minister of Transport and advises the Maritime New Zealand on the New Zealand Marine Oil Spill Response Strategy; the fixing of the Oil Pollution Levy; the use of the New Zealand Oil Pollution Fund (OPF); and any other matter related to oil spills that the Minister, or Maritime NZ's Director, specifies from time to time.

Maritime NZ holds copies of the papers approved by OPAC, as well as minutes from OPAC meetings.

Contact

Director of Maritime NZ

Maritime New Zealand

Level 11, 1 Grey Street

Wellington 6011

PO Box 25620

Wellington 6140

0508 22 55 22 – for calling inside New Zealand (toll free)

0064 4 473 0111 – for calling from outside New Zealand

Fax 04 494 1263

enquiries@maritimenz.govt.nz

www.maritimenz.govt.nz

Massey University

Te Kunenga Ki Pūrehuroa

Governing statutes

Massey University is a University, as defined in the Education Act 1989, established by the Massey university Act 1963.

Functions and responsibilities

The functions and responsibilities of the University are the advancement of knowledge and the dissemination and maintenance thereof by teaching and research.

Structure

Massey University's governing body is the University Council. Council members include lay, academic and student members and are responsible for overseeing the management and control of the affairs, concerns and property of the University. Its Chair and ceremonial head of the University is the Chancellor, elected by Council from within its ranks.

Statutory Officers and Committees:

- The Chancellor is a member of the University Council and presides over the Council; in the absence of the Chancellor, the Pro Chancellor deputises.
- The Vice Chancellor is the Chief Executive and full time academic and administrative head of the University. The Vice-Chancellor is an ex-officio member of Council.
- Academic Board is the principal academic body and has power to make recommendations and reports to Council on academic matters affecting the University.

Academic and Administrative structure:

Massey University's Senior Leadership Team is responsible for the management of the University and is led by the Vice-Chancellor.

The Senior Leadership Team comprises the Vice Chancellor (chair)l; the Pro Vice-Chancellor's (who provide academic and administrative leadership of each of the University's five academic colleges – Business, Creative Arts, Health, Humanities & Social Sciences, and Sciences); and Deputy Vice-Chancellor's, whose portfolios provide core corporate functions to all operating units across the University

The Academic Board has established a sub-committee structure to undertake specific responsibilities. There are 12sub- committees of Academic Board, including: Academic Committee, Teaching and Learning Committee, Ethics Committees, university research Committee and College Committees

Massey University operates on three physical campuses: the Auckland campus in Albany, the Manawatu campus in Palmerston North and the Wellington campus, as well as offering a significant online programme.

Records

The University keeps minutes and reports to minutes of Council, Academic board, and the associated sub-committees; policies and procedures; strategic documents; and official correspondence. It maintains academic records of students' enrolment and academic progress, and employment-related records in relation to staff.

Documents relating to decision-making processes

The University Calendar, containing general information, academic and general statutes and regulations, programme regulations, course prescriptions, and staff lists, is published annually. The Annual Report contains both financial and non-financial performance data and other information relating to the achievements and strategy of the University.

For further information see the University's website www.auckland.ac.nz

Student handbooks for intending and returning students are also published annually and available from Massey (Contact 0800 Massey) or can be viewed on the University's website www.massey.ac.nz.

Contact

General enquiries should be directed to contact@massey.ac.nz

Official Information Act enquires should be directed to:

The Director Governance and Assurance

Massey University Tennent Drive

Private Bag 11 222

Palmerston North 4442

oia@massey.ac.nz

www.massey.ac.nz

New Zealand Meat Board

Governing statutes

The New Zealand Meat Producers Board was established by the Meat Export Control Act 1921–22. In 1997, however, the Meat Producers Board legislation was consolidated and amended by the Meat Board Act 1997. In this Act, the Board was renamed the New Zealand Meat Board. The Meat Board Act 2004 continued the New Zealand Meat Board, but with reduced functions

Functions and responsibilities

The Board's objects under the Meat Board Act 2004 are to:

- facilitate the capture, for New Zealand and in the best interests of the meat industry, of the best possible ongoing returns available from quota markets
- manage the Board's reserves and other assets in the interests of livestock farmers;

To achieve these objects, the Board has a range of functions

- to establish and operate quota management systems
- to collect, process, and maintain information as required to support the Board's function under paragraph a);
- to manage, in the interests of livestock farmers, the Board's reserves and other assets, including

 — providing funding to assist in the meat industry's response to any major industry crisis; and
 - maintaining a prudent level of net assets to avoid jeopardising quota markets and the integrity of quota management systems; and
 - o providing funding for industry-good activities:
- to account to livestock farmers regarding the Board's activities
- to perform such other activities as are conferred on the Board by this Act or any other enactment.

Structure

The Board comprises 10 Directors of whom six are nominated by Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited being elected to that organisation by livestock farmers, two are nominated by Beef + Lamb New Zealand Limited being appointed to that organisation on the recommendation of

the Meat Industry Association, and two are appointed by the Minister of Primary Industries. The Board has its head office in Wellington and has an overseas regional office in Brussels.

Records

Files and documents held by the Board deal primarily with the meat export trade in New Zealand and the major overseas markets, particularly relating to overseas markets where quotas have been applied by authorities there.

The Board also holds files relating to the management of reserves.

The Board also holds files containing the minutes of meetings.

Documents relating to decision-making processes

The Board must publish financial statements and an annual report within six months of the end of its financial year (30 September).

The Board also maintains a "Reserves Policy" setting out how it will manage its reserves. This document is available from its website: www.nzmeatboard.org.

Quota allocation manuals, setting out the Board's processes for allocating quota, are also available from the website.

Contact

Head Office

New Zealand Meat Board

PO Box 121

Wellington 6140

Wellington Chambers

Level 4, 154 Featherston St

Wellington 6011

info@nzmeatboard.org

www.nzmeatboard.org

Medicines Classification Committee

Governing statutes

The Medicines Classification Committee is an autonomous review committee established under section 9 of the Medicines Act 1981.

Functions and responsibilities

The functions of the Committee as laid down in the Medicines Act 1981 are as follows:

- to make recommendations to the Minister in respect of the classification of any medicines as prescription medicines or restricted medicines or pharmacy – only medicines.
- To consider and report to the Minister on such other matters in relation to any of the purposes of the Medicines Act 1981 as may from time to time be referred to it by the Minister
- to report to the Minister on any matters concerning the classification of medicines and access to medicines by health professionals and the public.

Structure

Under section 9 of the Medicines Act 1981 the membership of the Medicines Classification Committee shall consist of:

- two persons, to be nominated by the New Zealand Medical Association
- two persons, to be nominated by the Pharmaceutical Society of New Zealand
- two persons, being officers of the Ministry of Health, one of whom shall be appointment as chairman.

Records

The documents held are minutes of meetings, a file of correspondence and administrative matters, and files concerning the appeals and objections heard by the Committee.

Documents relating to decision-making processes

The Medicines Classification Committee uses the Members' Handbook manuals for administrative purposes.

Contact

The Secretary

Medicines Classification Committee

Medsafe

Ministry of Health

133 Molesworth Street

PO Box 5013

Wellington

(04) 819 6800

Medicines Review Committee

Governing statutes

The Medicines Review Committee is an autonomous review committee established under section 10 of the Medicines Act 1981.

Acts administered

The Medicines Review Committee administers section 22(2) and section 88 of the Medicines Act 1981.

Functions and responsibilities

The functions of the Committee as laid down in section 13 of the Medicines Act 1981 are as follows:

- to inquire into any objection to the terms of a recommendation of the appropriate committee made under section 22(2) of this Act, and to report its findings to the Minister. This refers to the recommendations of advisory committees as to whether or not the Minister should consent to the distribution of a new medicine
- To hear appeals under section 88 of the Medicines Act. This covers appeals against refusals by the Ministry of Health to issue licences to manufacture, pack or sell medicines; appeals against refusal by the Director-General of Health of an application for approval to carry out a clinical trial of a medicine; and appeals against a decision by the Director-General that a medical device may not be sold until the Director-General is satisfied as to its safety.

Structure

The membership as laid down under section 10(2) of the Act comprises six persons including:

- One person with wide experience in the practise of medicine
- One person with wide experience in the practice of pharmacy
- One person with the wide experience in the pharmaceutical manufacturing industry
- One person with wide experience in a form of chemistry other than pharmaceutical chemistry. The Minister of Health appoints all members, one of whom is chairperson. The Minister has also appointed a person with wide experience in the practice of

natural therapy to attend whenever any matter relating to the practice of natural therapy is before the Committee.

Records

The documents held are minutes of meetings, a file of correspondence and administrative matters, and files concerning the appeals and objections heard by the Committee.

Documents relating to decision-making processes

The Medicines Review Committee uses the following manuals for administrative purposes:

- Corporate Policies and Procedures
- Master File Index

Contact

The Secretary

Medicines Review Committee

Medsafe

Ministry of Health

PO Box 5013

Wellington

04 819 6800

MetService (Meteorological Service)

Governing statutes

Meteorological Service of New Zealand Limited was established under the State-Owned Enterprises Act 1986 and operates under the Companies Act 1993.

Functions and responsibilities

MetService is New Zealand's national weather authority, providing comprehensive weather information services, 24 hours a day, 365 days a year to help protect the safety and well-being of New Zealanders and the New Zealand economy. MetService is responsible for delivering a range of weather services that directly support the safety of life and property. This includes forecasts and warnings of adverse weather tailored to the needs of the public, maritime community and aviation sector, within New Zealand and in the wider South Pacific region.

As a State-Owned Enterprise, MetService is also required to provide its services in a wholly commercial context. Its principal business activities are:

- Provision of New Zealand's National Meteorological Service through a contract with the Ministry of Transport, including the supply of public-safety weather warning and forecasting services;
- Safety-critical aviation forecasting services for the New Zealand domestic aviation sector and the RNZAF, as well as services to the international aviation community on behalf of the New Zealand Civil Aviation Authority (CAA) and subject to the requirements of the UN International Civil Aviation Organization (ICAO);
- A comprehensive range of data and forecast services provided to the public and to business customers through MetService's digital platforms, including web, mobile, apps and APIs (Application Programming Interfaces);
- Media weather graphics products for broadcast television, print and online media services in domestic and international markets;
- Forecasting and consultancy services for the commercial marine sector; and
- Other specialised weather products and services for industries whose business economics are affected by weather-related impacts and risks such as transportation, energy, oil and gas, retailing, construction, agriculture and mining.

Structure

The Board of Directors is responsible for the direction and control of the company's activities. The Board consists of up to nine non-executive directors, each appointed by the Shareholding Ministers.

The Board currently has two standing committees:

- People, Culture and Remuneration Committee
- Audit and Risk Assurance Committee.

The Board also establishes special purpose committees if required for particular issues.

Day-to-day management of the company is delegated to the Chief Executive.

MetService's operations are divided into nine business units:

- Meteorological Operations
- Science Strategy
- MetOcean
- Products and Partnerships
- Sales
- Finance
- Brand and People Experience
- Strategy and Governance
- Information Technology

MetService also operates through three wholly-owned subsidiaries that market the Company's products and services internationally under the MetraWeather brand:

- MetraWeather (Australia) Pty Ltd.
- MetraWeather (Thailand) Ltd.
- MetraWeather (UK) Ltd.

Website: www.metraweather.com

MetService's Head Office, support and sales functions are based in Wellington, with support and sales functions also operating from offices in Auckland, Raglan, New Plymouth, Christchurch and Paraparaumu.

MetraWeather has staff based in Sydney, Brisbane and Melbourne, Australia; Bangkok, Thailand; and in the United Kingdom.

Records

Records are maintained regarding business and operational information relevant to the operations as described above, contracts, agreements and personnel records.

Documents relating to decision-making processes

The following documents related to business decision-making processes are maintained: Statement of Corporate Intent, Business Plan, Policies and Procedures.

Contact

MetService

30 Salamanca Road

Kelburn

PO Box 722

Wellington

(04) 470 0700

enquiries@metservice.com

www.metservice.com

Mid-Central District Health Board

Te Pae Hauora o Ruahine o Tararua

Governing statutes

MidCentral District Health Board was established under the New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000.

Functions and responsibilities

In accordance with the New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000, MidCentral District Health Board has three key functions, being:

- planning and funding health and disability services
- delivering health and disability care services through Crown owned hospital and associated services
- governing and managing the District Health Board.

MidCentral DHB is categorised as a Crown Agent under section 7 of the Crown Entities Act 2004.

The functions of the District Health Board and the role of the Board are described in sections 23 and 26 of the New Zealand Public Health and Disability Act 2000. These include, but are not limited to:

- ensuring the provision of services for its resident population and for other people as specified in its Crown Funding Agreement
- actively investigating, facilitating, sponsoring, and developing co-operative and collaborative arrangements with persons in the health and disability sector or in any other sector to improve, promote and protect the health of people, and to promote the inclusion and participation in society and independence of people with disabilities
- collaborating with relevant organisations to plan and co-ordinate at local, regional, and national levels for the most effective and efficient delivery of health services
- issuing relevant information to the resident population, persons in the health and disability sector, and persons in any other sector working to improve, promote, and protect the health of people for the purposes of the points above
- establishing and maintaining processes to enable Maori to participate in, and contribute to, strategies for Maori health improvement

- continuing to foster the development of Maori capacity for participating in the health and disability sector and for providing for the needs of Maori
- Providing relevant information to Maori for the points outlined above
- regularly investigating, assessing and monitoring the health status of its resident population, any factors that the DHB believes may adversely affect the health status of that population, and the needs of that population for services
- promoting the reduction of adverse social and environmental effects on the health of people and communities
- monitoring the delivery and performance of services by it and by persons engaged by it to provide or arrange for the provision of services
- participating, where appropriate, in the training of health practitioners and other workers in the health and disability sector
- providing information to the Minister for the purposes of policy development, planning and monitoring in relation to the performance of the DHB and to the health and disability support needs of New Zealanders
- providing, or arranging for the provision of, services on behalf of the Crown or any Crown entity within the meaning of the Crown Entities Act 2004
- collaborating with pre-schools and schools within its geographical area on the fostering of health promotion and on disease prevention programmes
- performing any other functions it is for the time being given by or under any
 enactment, or authorised to perform by the Minister by written notice to the board of
 the DHB after consultation with it.

Structure

At a governance level, a Board of 11 members is responsible for the governance of MidCentral District Health Board. Seven members are elected as part of the triennial local authority election process, and the Minister of Health appoints four members.

Records

General description of the categories of documents held by the DHB:

- corporate records relating to the management of all divisions of the organisation
- financial records
- clinical (health) records
- employment-related records

contracts with providers of health and disability services.

Documents relating to decision-making processes

- New Zealand Health Strategy
- New Zealand Disability Strategy
- New Zealand Māori Health Strategy
- Central Region's Regional Service Plan
- MidCentral District Health Board's Strategy
- MidCentral District Health Board's Annual Plan
- MidCentral District Health Board's Long Term Investment Plan
- Ka Ao Ka Awatea: Māori Health Strategic Framework
- Te Awa MidCentral Digital Health Strategy
- Crown Funding Agreement
- MidCentral District Health Board's Policy and Procedures Manuals (covering both corporate and clinical matters)
- Specific department procedures
- Emergency Procedures
- Board and Committee papers

The MidCentral DHB website can be found at www.midcentraldhb.govt.nz. It contains many of the organisation's publications.

Contact

All requests for official information should be addressed to:

The Chief Executive MidCentral District Health Board

PO Box 2056

Palmerston North 4440

www.midcentraldhb.govt.nz

oia@midcentraldhb.govt.nz

National Animal Ethics Advisory Committee

Governing statutes

Animal Welfare Act 1999.

Functions and responsibilities

To provide independent advice to the Minister responsible for animal welfare on policy and practices relating to the use of animals in research, testing and teaching.

Section 63 of the Animal Welfare Act 1999 prescribes the following functions for the National Animal Ethics Advisory Committee (NAEAC):

- advising the Minister on ethical and animal welfare issues arising from research, testing and teaching
- providing advice and information on the development and review of codes of ethical conduct
- making recommendations about the approval, amendment, suspension or revocation of codes of ethical conduct
- making recommendations concerning the setting of standards or policies for codes of ethical conduct
- providing information and advice to animal ethics committees
- making recommendations on the appointment of accredited reviewers
- considering the reports of independent reviews of code holders and animal ethics committees
- making recommendations about declaring procedures not to be manipulations
- making recommendations about the manipulation of non-human hominids
- making recommendations on the approval of research or testing in the national interest.

Structure

The National Animal Ethics Advisory Committee consists of not more than 10 members. Members are appointed by the Minister responsible for terms not exceeding three years. Members can be reappointed.

The members comprise a chairperson and such other members as are appointed by the Minister in accordance with section 64(3) of the Animal Welfare Act 1999.

Records

Secretarial services to the National Animal Ethics Advisory Committee are provided by the Ministry for Primary Industries. Any records pertaining to this Committee are held within the Ministry for Primary Industries, and Animal Health and Welfare Directorate records.

Documents relating to decision-making processes

- Animal Welfare Act 1999
- Animal Welfare (Records and Statistics) Regulations 1999
- National Animal Ethics Advisory Committee Annual Reports
- National Animal Ethics Advisory Committee Newsletter
- Good Practise Guide for the use of animals in research, testing and teaching, March 2019
- Template: code of ethical conduct for the use of animals for research, testing and teaching

Contact

NAEAC Secretary

C/- Ministry for Primary Industries

PO Box 2526

Wellington 6140

0800 008 333

naeac@mpi.govt.nz

www.mpi.govt.nz/protection-and-response/animal-welfare/

National Animal Welfare Advisory Committee

Governing statutes

Animal Welfare Act 1999.

Functions and responsibilities

To provide independent advice on animal welfare to the Minister responsible for animal welfares.

Section 57 of the Animal Welfare Act 1999 prescribes the following functions for the National Animal Welfare Advisory Committee:

- Advising the Minister on any matter relating to the welfare of animals in New Zealand, including:
 - o Areas where research into the welfare of animals is required
 - Legislative proposals concerning the welfare of animals
- Making recommendations to the Minister on:
 - Declaring procedures not to be manipulations
 - Declaring procedures to be significant surgical procedures and classifying surgical procedures as prohibited or restricted
 - Declaring traps or devices to be prohibited or restricted and any conditions on the sale or use of restricted traps
 - o The issue, amendment, suspension, revocation or review of codes of welfare
- Promoting and assisting others to promote the development of guidelines for:
 - o The use of traps or devices
 - The hunting or killing of animals in a wild state.

Structure

The National Animal Welfare Advisory Committee consists of not more than 11 members. Members are appointed by the Minister for Primary Industries for terms not exceeding three years. Members can be reappointed.

The members comprise a chairperson, the chairperson of the National Animal Ethics Advisory Committee, and such other members as are appointed by the Minister in accordance with section 58(3) of the Animal Welfare Act 1999.

Records

Secretarial services to the National Animal Welfare Advisory Committee are provided by the Ministry for Primary Industries. Any records pertaining to this Committee are held within the Ministry for Primary Industries and Animal & Animal Products Directorate records.

Documents relating to decision-making processes

- Animal Welfare Act 1999
- Codes of Welfare
- Guidelines for Drafting Codes of Welfare, MAF Information Paper No 36, 3 May 2001
- National Animal Welfare Advisory Committee Annual Reports
- National Animal Welfare Advisory Committee Guidelines

Contact

NAWAC Secretary

C/- Ministry for Primary Industries

PO Box 2526

Wellington 6140

0800 008 333

nawac@mpi.govt.nz

www.mpi.govt.nz/protection-and-response/animal-welfare/

National Institute of Water and Atmospheric Research Limited (NIWA)

Functions and responsibilities

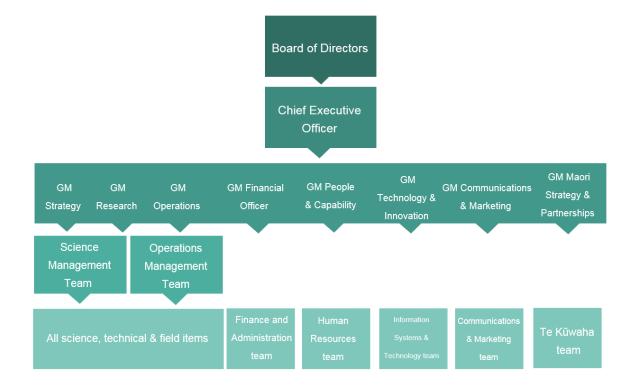
NIWA is an internationally respected research and consulting organisation. We create and deliver innovative and unrivalled science-based products and services that enable people and businesses to make best use of the natural environment and its living resources, and derive benefit from them in a sustainable manner.

NIWA was established as a Crown Research Institute in 1992. It operates as a stand-alone company with its own board of directors; its shares are held by the Crown. In its establishment year, the company had 329 staff, revenue of \$35.5 million, and assets of \$20 million. Today, these measures have more than doubled or trebled: NIWA now has 682 staff at 14 sites around New Zealand and another 11 staff in Perth, Australia; revenue of \$160 million; and assets of \$165 million.

NIWA's services are represented by its 8 National Centres:

- Aquaculture
- Climate, Atmosphere & Hazards
- Coasts & Oceans
- Environmental Information
- Fisheries
- Freshwater & Estuaries
- Te Kūwaha national Centre of Maori Environmental Research
- Pacific Rim

Structure



Directors and management

The Board is led by a Chairperson (Barry Harris), Deputy Chairperson and five directors. The day-to-day management of the company is the responsibility of the Chief Executive (John Morgan), seven general managers and the chief financial officer (who is also the company secretary). There are also science management and operational management teams.

The Corporate Office is in Auckland and the company has regional offices in Auckland, Hamilton, Wellington and Christchurch, and field offices in Alexandra, Bream Bay, Dunedin, Greymouth, Lander, Napier, Nelson, Rotorua, Tekapo and Whanganui. It also owns a subsidiary in Western Australia (Unidata Pty Ltd).

Contact

NIWA Corporate Office & Address for Board and Executive correspondence:

41 Market Place

Auckland Central 1010

Private Bag 99940

Newmarket Auckland 1149

National Library of New Zealand

Te Puna Mātauranga o Aotearoa

Governing statutes

The National Library is governed by the National Library of New Zealand (Te Puna Mātauranga o Aotearoa) Act 2003.

Acts administered

The Public Lending Right for New Zealand Authors Act 2008 is also administered by the Library. The Act provides for New Zealand authors to receive payments to recognise that their books are available for use in New Zealand libraries.

Functions and responsibilities

The purpose of the National Library is to enrich the cultural and economic life of New Zealand and its interchanges with other nations by:

- collecting, preserving, and protecting documents, particularly those relating to New Zealand, and making them accessible for all the people of New Zealand, in a manner consistent with their status as documentary heritage and taonga;
- supplementing and furthering the work of other libraries in New Zealand
- working collaboratively with other institutions having similar purposes, including those forming part of the international library community

The National Library, which merged into the Department of Internal Affairs in 2011, delivers services through Vote Internal Affairs under the output of Managing and Accessing Knowledge Information, in regard to

- assisting access to library collections and other information
- the collection and preservation of published and unpublished items for the National Library and Alexander Turnbull Library collections
- provision of library and information services and products to schools in support of the National Curriculum; and
- administration of the Public Lending Right for New Zealand Authors Scheme

Structure

The National Library's Leadership Team is composed of:

- National Librarian
- Chief Librarian, Alexander Turnbull Library
- Director Literacy and Learning
- Director Content Services
- Director Public Engagement
- Manager Digital New Zealand
- Manager Strategy and Business Support.

National Library of New Zealand has three main locations nationwide: Auckland, Wellington and Christchurch. The National Librarian, the Chief Librarian of the Alexander Turnbull Library and most of the staff are based in Wellington.

Advisory Groups

Two independent advisory bodies were established under the National Library of New Zealand (Te Puna Mātauranga o Aotearoa) Act 2003. These are 'the Library & Information Advisory Commission' and 'the Guardians/Kaitiaki of the Alexander Turnbull Library'. These two independent advisory bodies were established to provide advice to the Minister Responsible for the National Library. The Department of Internal Affairs provides administrative services to both bodies.

The Public Lending Right Advisory Group, established under the Public Lending Right for New Zealand Authors Act 2008, provides advice to the Chief Executive on the Public Lending Right for New Zealand Authors scheme.

Records

The Department of Internal Affairs holds collections of records relating to all activities supporting the National Library's functions and responsibilities, as well as administrative records used to manage the Library. The Department manages and maintains the Library's formal record keeping system on an EDRMS, and its legacy records are regularly transferred into Archives New Zealand custody.

Documents relating to decision-making processes

The Department of Internal Affairs publishes an Annual Report (G.7 in the Appendices to the Journals of the House of Representatives) and a Statement of Intent (G.7 SOI in the

Appendices to the Journals of the House of Representatives). Three policy documents (Collections Policy, Preservation Policy, and Access Policy) contain guidelines on how the National Library acquires, preserves and provides access to items in the collections.

Contact

Requests for official information held by the National Library should be emailed to the Department's central OIA email address: OIA@dia.govt.nz

Requests and enquiries can also be addressed to:

National Librarian

National Library of New Zealand

Cnr Molesworth and Aitken Streets

PO Box 1467

Wellington 6140

National Library Contact:

information@natlib.govt.nz

www.natlib.govt.nz

National Provident Fund

Governing statutes

The Board of Trustees of the National Provident Fund is governed by the National Provident Fund Restructuring Act 1990 (the Act).

Functions and responsibilities

The Board is trustee of 9 defined contribution and defined benefit superannuation schemes and the Global Asset Trust (GAT), also a superannuation scheme which holds the investment assets on behalf of the 9 NPF schemes. Collectively, the NPF schemes and the GAT are referred to as National Provident Fund (NPF).

The NPF schemes were closed to new members with effect from 31 March 1991.

Structure

NPF's activities are controlled by the National Provident Fund Restructuring Act 1990. The members of the Board are appointed by the Minister of Finance.

The Board's primary function is to administer the schemes and manage the schemes' investments in the best interests of the members, taking into account the interests of the employer contributors and the Crown, as guarantor of the benefits payable by the schemes.

Since the early 1990s, the Board has outsourced management for schemes administration, investment, custody and investment advice. Day-to-day administration is provided by Datacom Connect Limited (Datacom). The schemes administrator is overseen by NPF's management team.

Records

Minutes of Board meetings are held by Management.

Individual member records are held on behalf of the Board by Datacom.

Contact

+64 4 499 6999

enquiries@npf.co.nz

www.npf.co.nz

Nelson Airport Limited

Governing statutes

Nelson Airport Limited is a company established pursuant to the Airport Authorities Act 1966.

Functions and responsibilities

The company is authorised to exercise the powers of a local authority under section 3 of the Airport Authorities Act 1966. That section confers on the company the power to establish, improve, maintain, operate and manage airports and acquire land for those purposes. The company operates Nelson Airport as a certified airport pursuant to the Civil Aviation Rule Part 139 by virtue of an authority dated 2nd November 1998. The primary responsibilities of the company are:

- to ensure the full operating potential of the airport is maintained so that it continues to meet the needs of the region as it grows
- to maintain the Civil Aviation Airport Operating Certificate and all other safety requirements and consents necessary to carry on the business as an airport operator.

As well as the provision and management of appropriate landside facilities for the airport, the company has responsibility for the design, provision, maintenance and management of runways, taxiways and aprons on the airport and airspace control in the immediate vicinity of the airport, in co-operation with airport users and Directors.

Structure

The company has two shareholders: Nelson City Council and Tasman District Council. The company has four Directors and a Chairperson of the Board. The Chairperson of the Board of Directors is appointed by the Directors. The management team of the company has a Chief Executive reporting to the Board of Directors, and a Commercial Manager reporting to the Chief Executive.

Records

Documents used by the company for the management of its business, other than Acts and regulations are: Nelson Airport Exposition, consisting of the following manuals:

- Standards and Procedures
- Aerodrome Emergency Plan

- Rescue Fire Plan
- Quality Assurance

Publications

The company has available the following categories of documents:

- Annual reports
- Master Plan
- Long Term Development Plan.

Contact

Nelson Airport Limited

PO Box 1598

Nelson

Phone: +64 3 547 3199

Fax: +64 3 547 3194

office@nelsonairport.co.nz

www.nelsonairport.co.nz/

Nelson Marlborough District Health Board

Te Wai Ora

Governing statutes

The Nelson Marlborough District Health Board (NMDHB) was established under the New Zealand Public Health and Disabilities Act 2000. It is a body corporate owned by the Crown.

Functions and responsibilities

Nelson Marlborough District Health Board provides Health and Disability Support Services for the Nelson Marlborough population within the revenue obtained through agreements with the Ministry of Health. The vision of the Nelson Marlborough District Health Board is:

"All people live well, get well, stay well"

Structure

Nelson Marlborough District Health Board has a Board of up to 11 members, which is responsible for strategic direction and policy information. The Board has three statutory advisory committees; an Iwi Health Board established under a memorandum of agreement with Manawhenua Iwi o Te Tau Ihu o Te Waka a Maui plus an Audit and Risk Committee. Meetings occur on a four weekly cycle.

The Chief Executive is responsible for management of the Board and is supported by the following management structure:

- General Manager Clinical Services
- General Manager Strategy Primary & Community
- General Manager Finance Performance & Facilities
- General Manager People and Capability
- Chair Clinical Governance Group
- General Manager Maori Health & Vulnerable Populations
- General Manager Information Technology

- General Manager Mental Health Addictions & Disability Support Services
- Director of Nursing & Midwifery
- Director of Allied Health

Advisory Officers include:

- Risk Manager
- Chief Medical Officer

Records

A general description of the categories of documents held by the NMDHB follows.

Corporate

DHB Office holds records related to general administration, legal, the Board and Committees, finance and financial management. Records relate to Acts and legislation, Board and Committee reports, public relations, equipment and supply management, banking arrangements, estimates, budgets, asset management, financial reports and audit.

Strategy Primary & Community

This section holds records related to NMDHB's funding of non DHB and DHB provider contracts for provision of services.

People & Capability

People & Capability hold records related to employees and personnel services. These include employee benefits inclusive of wages and salaries, conditions of recruitment, industrial relations, performance assessments and staff training and development.

Patient Records

Patient clinical records are held in the electronic form.

Institutions

Services are provided by Nelson Marlborough District Health Board at:

- Nelson: Nelson Hospital (Secondary Services, Mental Health and Intellectual Disability Support Services)
- Richmond: Alexandra Hospital (Psychogeriatric)
- Richmond Hub: Public Health Service, District Nursing Service
- Blenheim: Wairau Hospital (Secondary Services and Mental Health)
- Marlborough Hub: Public Health Service, District Nursing Service

Murchison: Murchison Community Health Centre (Aged Care)

Documents relating to decision-making processes

The NMDHB uses the following manuals for administrative and decision-making purposes:

- New Zealand Health Strategy
- New Zealand Disability Strategy
- Nelson Marlborough District Health Board Annual Plan / Statement of Intent
- Crown Funding Agreements
- Policy and Procedure Manuals
- Specific departmental procedures
- Major Incident and Emergency Plan
- Board and Committee papers
- Delegated Authority Policy
- Nelson Marlborough District Health Board Annual Report and Accounts

Contact

General Contact Details

Nelson Marlborough District Health Board

Private Bag 18

Nelson 7042

(03) 546 1800

www.nmdhb.govt.nz/contact-us/general/

Requests for Official Information

OIArequest@nmdhb.govt.nz

Nelson Marlborough Institute of Technology

Te Whare Wananga o Te Tau Ihu o Te Waka a Maui

Governing statutes

Nelson Marlborough Institute of Technology (NMIT) Council is an autonomous controlling authority set up under the Education Act 1964 and is subject to the Public Finance Act 1989. The institution's name was changed from Nelson Polytechnic to Nelson Marlborough Institute of Technology in May 2000.

Functions and responsibilities

NMIT was established to provide applied vocational and professional education for the provincial region at a post-secondary level.

Structure

The Chief Executive is assisted by a directorate of senior managers:

- Chief Operating Officer
- Director of Teaching & Learning
- Director of Finance & Business Improvement
- Director of People & Organisation Development
- Director of Marketing & International Development
- Director of Māori Education
- Director of Academic & Quality
- Director of Learner Services

Records

Administration files

- Student enrolment examination, assessment records
- Staff personal files

Documents relating to decision-making processes

- Award documents
- Appropriate Acts
- Council Policies
- Management policies
- Council minutes

Contact

Contact person for requests with Official Information Act:

Liam Sloan

Chief Executive

(03) 546 3604

Liam.Sloan@nmit.ac.nz

Oranga Tamariki – Ministry for Children

Acts administered

Oranga Tamariki – Ministry for Children (Oranga Tamariki) administers the following statutes solely or jointly with other agencies:

- Oranga Tamariki Act 1989
- Children's Act 2014 (with Ministry of Education)

Functions and responsibilities

On 1 April 2017, Oranga Tamariki was established. Oranga Tamariki incorporates a 'whole of sector', child-centred approach which will transform the way we work with vulnerable children and young people, by working in partnership with the wider social sector to achieve its outcomes. We are responsible for ensuring vulnerable children and their families and whānau get the services they need, and that agencies work together to take a broader view of children and young people who are at significant risk of harm now and in the future.

Our purpose is to ensure that all tamariki are in loving whānau and communities where their oranga can be realised.

Our focus is on children and young people who are at significant risk of harm now and in the future as a consequence of their family environment, and/or their own complex needs or who have offended or may offend in the future.

Oranga Tamariki is responsible for these main functions:

- Supporting children, young people and their families who are at significant risk of harm.
- Developing partnerships with children, families/whānau, iwi, NGOs and other government agencies to help children thrive.
- Providing care and protection for children and young people who are not having their needs met at home.
- Procuring services for at-risk children and their families/whānau and providing sector leadership of the system to support at-risk children.
- Recruiting, training and supporting caregivers working with at-risk children.
- Supporting individuals seeking information about their adoption.

- Supporting young people to address the impacts of any harm they have experienced and supporting their transition from care to independence.
- Supporting family-led decision making to address care and protection concerns or offending by children and young people.
- Responding to offending by young people and preventing re-offending.
- Working with people wanting to adopt or people wanting to place a child for adoption.
- Advocating for children in need, particularly those in care, across the system.
- Providing policy advice to Ministers that contributes to the development of government policy and the reform and development of legislation relating to children and young people. Support and advice are also provided to select committees.
- Administering funding for services and programmes for at-risk children and young people.
- Providing advice and support in relation to international child protection matters.
- Providing transition support services to young people up to 25 years old who are leaving care to ensure they are supported in their journey to independence.

Structure

Oranga Tamariki is led by a leadership team comprising of the Chief Executive, Chief Māori Advisor to the Chief Executive, Director Safety of Children in Care and ten Deputy Chief Executives. Oranga Tamariki has approximately 4,000 employees working throughout New Zealand. It is organised into the following clusters:

Services:

- Partnering for Outcomes
- Services for Children and Families North
- Services for Children and Families South
- Youth Justice Services
- Care Services.

Voices and Quality:

- o Tamariki Advocate/Voices of Children
- Professional Practice Group

• Enabling functions:

- Policy and Organisational Strategy
- Corporate Services
- Governance and Engagement
- Safety of Children in Care

Leadership and governance

Our Leadership Team is made up of our Chief Executive and ten Deputy Chief Executives. These leaders have collective responsibility for ensuring our organisational health, capability and capacity to deliver services and achieve outcomes.

There are four Oranga Tamariki Leadership Team Governance Committees. They each exist to make decisions on organisational direction, focus and priorities to ensure we deliver improved outcomes for tamariki Māori, children, and young people. The Committees, and their individual focuses are: — Business Committee – this committee is responsible for making decisions on organisational matters that are significant in terms of people, risk, impact or investment required. — Change Board – this board is responsible for overseeing the performance of our change programme. — Performance Committee – this committee has oversight of organisational health and operational performance. — Strategy and Planning Committee – this committee is responsible for future policy direction and strategy for the organisation.

Services

The Services group ensures that tamariki and whānau receive the support they need to thrive. Services include investigation and assessments, interventions, transition support services, residential care/youth justice services and case work and adoptions.

To achieve our purpose of ensuring that all children and young people are in loving whānau and communities where their oranga can be realised, we need to work with other government agencies, NGOs, iwi, Māori organisations as well as communities throughout New Zealand. Further information on our partnerships with iwi, Māori organisations and NGOs can be found in our annual report.

Voices and Quality

The Tamariki Advocate, Voices of Children group ensures that tamariki, whānau and community are listened to and their needs and aspirations are delivered on by Oranga Tamariki and the wider public sector.

Enabling functions

The group is responsible for engaging all New Zealanders to take action in support of at-risk tamariki and rangatahi. The group does this by: — engaging with tamariki and whānau to gain a deep understanding of their experiences and aspirations through research and analysis; — advocating for the interests of at-risk tamariki and rangatahi across the public sector; — using human-centred design expertise to develop and improve systems and services; — motivating New Zealanders to support tamariki and their whānau through social media, communications and community engagement; and — ensuring Oranga Tamariki upholds its commitments to improve outcomes for tamariki Māori.

The new Oranga Tamariki legal team delivers all our legal needs, including litigation and advice, and supports the frontline as well as national office. This includes progressing care and protection applications through the Family Court, assisting with youth justice proceedings, assisting on adoption applications, advising on complex privacy or official information matters, and supporting and guiding major policy or legislation change relating to Oranga Tamariki.

Health, Safety and Security Governance Committee

The Health, Safety and Security Governance Committee oversees the health, safety and security for Oranga Tamariki, providing leadership, direction and assurance to ensure the wellbeing of tamariki by keeping our staff and those we partner with safe and well. The Committee supports our staff, and those we partner with, to have a voice so they are safe, secure and well. The Committee also enables the Chief Executive and members of the Leadership Team to meet their obligations as Officers under the Health and Safety at Work Act 2015.

Risk and Assurance Committee

The Risk and Assurance Committee has been established by the Chief Executive to provide independent advice and challenge on risk, internal control and assurance matters. They have provided advice on the following key areas: — organisational risks and approach to managing risk; — organisational governance arrangements; and — financial and non-financial performance.

Records

Oranga tamariki holds:

 Records and information relating to our functions and responsibilities, including the services we deliver to the public and the advice provided to Ministers. Records include briefings and advice to Ministers, and internal information and records relating to the development and delivery of services and the operation of Oranga Tamariki.

- Records relating to tamariki who are under the care of the Chief Executive, including records relating to their whānau, caregivers and other support persons, the operation of care and protection residences and core worker vetting.
- Records and information relating to how we work with third party community partners
 to deliver support services to tamariki and their whānau. Records include contracts
 and funding agreements and the monitoring and review of the services provided.
- Statistics (counts, averages, demographics, etc) to provide insights to assess funding models and monitor our care targets.
- Records relating to the delivery of Youth Justice services. Records include the operation of Youth Justice facilities.

Documents relating to decision-making processes

Oranga Tamariki policies and procedural documents can be found on the practice centre: https://practice.orangatamariki.govt.nz/. There are a wide range of documents supporting our decision-making processes including:

- The Practice Standards: our practice standards are the benchmark for our practice working with tamariki and their whānau, caregivers and others involved in their lives.
- Care Standards
- The Tuituia framework
- Recruitment Policy
- Privacy and Personal Information Policy
- Information sharing Policy

A full list of policies can be found on our practice centre linked above.

Contacts

For Official Information Act requests and enquiries:

www.orangatamariki.govt.nz/official-information-act/oia-requests/

NOTE: Court or tribunal records cannot be requested under the Official Information Act 1982. This is because the judiciary is independent of the Executive branch of government and the courts and tribunals (in their judicial functions) are not subject to the Act. To access court documents, you must apply directly to the court (or appropriate tribunal registry).

For general enquiries:

Freephone: 0508 326 459

contact@ot.govt.nz

Oranga Tamariki National Office

PO Box 546

Wellington

52

Ministry of Justice Tāhū o te Ture

justice.govt.nz

contactus@justice.govt.nz

0800 COURTS 0800 268 787

National Office

Justice Centre | 19 Aitken St

DX SX10088 | Wellington | New Zealand



New Zealand Government